CS108L Computer Science for All Module 1 NetLogo Code Cheat Sheet		
to <name></name>	Statement used to name and start a procedure Example: to setup clear-all end	
end	Statement used to end a procedure	
clear-all	Deletes all turtles and resets all patches to default values	
<pre>create-turtles # create-turtles # [commands]</pre>	Creates the specified number of turtles at origin and gives a random heading to each turtle Example: create-turtles 1 ;; creates 1 turtle with a random heading and color create-turtles 2 [set color 45 ;; creates two turtles, sets their color to yellow, and sets their heading up (north) set heading 0]	
ask turtles [commands]	Asks <i>all</i> the turtles to perform the instructions (commands) given in square brackets. Each turtle performs the instructions one at a time. Example: ask turtles [forward 1;; asks all the turtles to move forward 1 step] ;; Note: For this class, you should never have an ask turtles block inside another ask turtles block. This would mean you're asking <i>every</i> turtle to ask <i>every other</i> turtle to do something.	
forward #	Tells an agent to move forward a number of patches Example:	

	forward 1
back#	Tells an agent to move back a number of patches
	Example:
	back 1
pen-down	Tells an agent to put its pen down to draw a trail
pen-up	Tells an agent to pick up its pen and stop drawing a trail
setxy##	Move the turtle to the x-coordinate and y-coordinate given
	Example:
	setxy 10 20 ;; moves the turtles to patch 10 20 (upper right quadrant)
set heading #	Sets heading or direction that the agent faces in degrees relative to the Netlogo coordinate
	system
	Example:
	set heading 90
	Asks the turtle to turn right a certain number of degrees relative to the direction the turtle is
wight #	currently facing
right #	Example:
	right 90
	Asks the turtle to turn left a certain number of degrees relative to the direction the turtle is
left #	currently facing
left #	Example:
	left 90
set color <i>color_name</i> set size #	Specifies or changes the color of the turtles to the specified color (color_name). Some possible
	color names include red, blue, green, orange, yellow, pink, magenta, lime, gray, and violet.
	Example:
	set color red
	Specifies or changes the size of the turtles to a specified number (#). The default is 1.
	Example:
	set size 3
set pen-size #	Specifies or changes the size of the pen the turtles carry to a specified number (#). The default
	is 1.
	Example:
	set pen-size 3

ask turtle # [commands]	Asks a specific turtle to perform the commands in brackets.
repeat # [commands]	Repeats the set of commands in the square bracket a certain number (#) of times.
	Example:
	;; the turtle turns right 5° and steps forward 1 step 20 times
	repeat 20
	right 5
	forward 1
	1
sprout #	Creates # new turtles on a patch. Only a patch can sprout . The new turtles have random integer
sprout # [commands]	headings and the color is randomly selected. The turtles immediately run <i>commands</i> . This is
	useful for giving the new turtles different colors, headings, or whatever.
	Example:
	ask patch 0 0; asks the patch at coordinate 0 0 (in the center) to:
	sprout 5 ;; sprout 5 turtles with random colors and headings
	sprout 1
	set color red ;; sprout 1 additional turtle and make it red
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